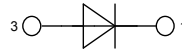


HiPerFRED²

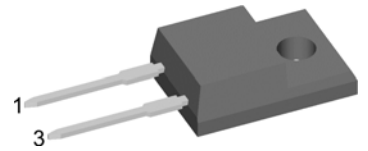
High Performance Fast Recovery Diode
Low Loss and Soft Recovery
Single Diode

Part number

DPG 10 I 400 PM



$V_{RRM} = 400\text{ V}$
 $I_{FAV} = 10\text{ A}$
 $t_{rr} = 45\text{ ns}$



Backside: isolated

E72873

Features / Advantages:

- Planar passivated chips
- Very low leakage current
- Very short recovery time
- Improved thermal behaviour
- Very low I_{rm} -values
- Very soft recovery behaviour
- Avalanche voltage rated for reliable operation
- Soft reverse recovery for low EMI/RFI
- Low I_{rm} reduces:
 - Power dissipation within the diode
 - Turn-on loss in the commutating switch

Applications:

- Antiparallel diode for high frequency switching devices
- Antisaturation diode
- Snubber diode
- Free wheeling diode
- Rectifiers in switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)

Package:

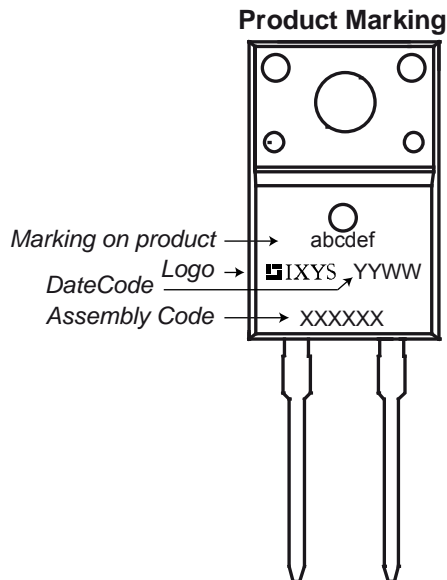
- Housing: TO-220FP
- Industry standard outline
- Plastic overmolded tab for electrical isolation
- Isolation Voltage 2500 V
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- RoHS compliant

Ratings

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			Unit	
			min.	typ.	max.		
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse voltage				400	V	
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = 400\text{ V}$			1	μA	
		$V_R = 400\text{ V}$			0.15	mA	
V_F	forward voltage	$I_F = 10\text{ A}$			1.32	V	
		$I_F = 20\text{ A}$			1.51	V	
		$I_F = 10\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$			1.03	V
		$I_F = 20\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$			1.24	V
I_{FAV}	average forward current	rectangular $d = 0.5$	$T_C = 120^\circ\text{C}$		10	A	
V_{F0}	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 175^\circ\text{C}$		0.77	V	
r_F	slope resistance				19.8	m Ω	
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				4.40	K/W	
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-55		175	$^\circ\text{C}$	
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		35	W	
I_{FSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10\text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		150	A	
I_{RM}	max. reverse recovery current		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		4	A	
		$I_F = 10\text{ A}; V_R = 270\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		6	A	
t_{rr}	reverse recovery time	$-di_F/dt = 200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		45	ns	
			$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		65	ns	
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 150\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		15	pF	

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per pin ¹⁾			35	A
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.50		K/W
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-55		150	°C
Weight				2		g
M_D	mounting torque		0.4		0.6	Nm
F_C	mounting force with clip		20		60	N
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	2500			V
		t = 1 minute	2000			V
d_s	creepage distance on surface		1.07			mm
d_A	striking distance through air		1.07			mm

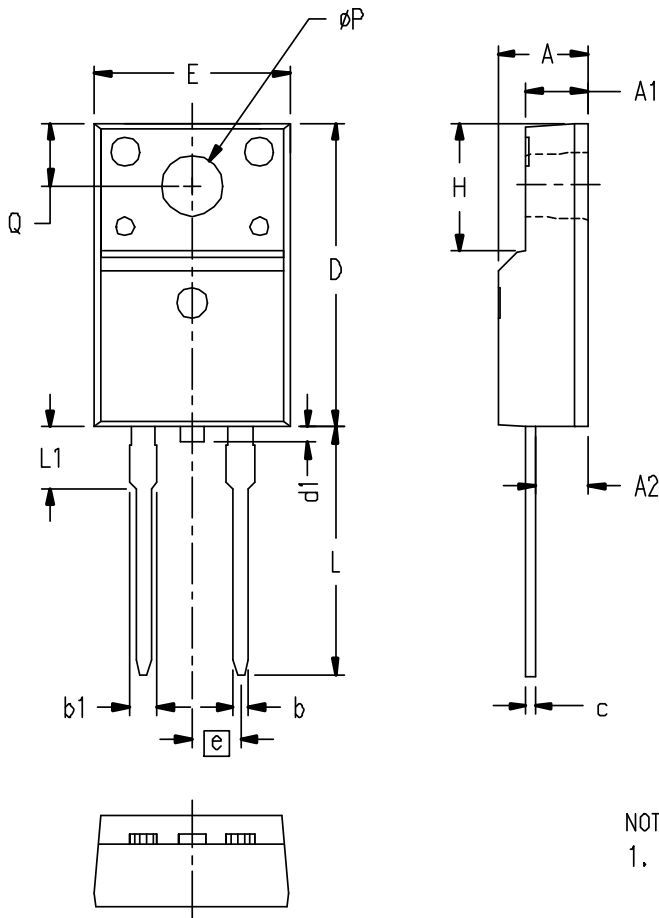
¹⁾ I_{RMS} is typically limited by: 1. pin-to-chip resistance; or by 2. current capability of the chip.
 In case of 1, a common cathode/anode configuration and a non-isolated backside, the whole current capability can be used by connecting the backside.


Part number

- D = Diode
- P = HiPerFRED
- G = extreme fast
- 10 = Current Rating [A]
- I = Single Diode
- 400 = Reverse Voltage [V]
- PM = TO-220ACFP (2)

Ordering	Part Name	Marking on Product	Delivering Mode	Base Qty	Code Key
Standard	DPG 10 I 400 PM	DPG10I400PM	Tube	50	503778

Similar Part	Package	Voltage Class
DPG10I400PA	TO-220AC (2)	400

Outlines TO-220FP


SYM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.177	.193	4.50	4.90
A1	.092	.108	2.34	2.74
A2	.101	.117	2.56	2.96
b	.028	.035	0.70	0.90
b1	.050	.058	1.27	1.47
c	.018	.024	0.45	0.60
D	.617	.633	15.67	16.07
d1	0	.043	0	1.10
E	.392	.408	9.96	10.36
e	.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
H	.255	.271	6.48	6.88
L	.499	.523	12.68	13.28
L1	.119	.135	3.03	3.43
$\varnothing P$.121	.129	3.08	3.28
Q	.126	.134	3.20	3.40

NOTE:

1. All metal surface are matte pure tin plated except trimmed area.

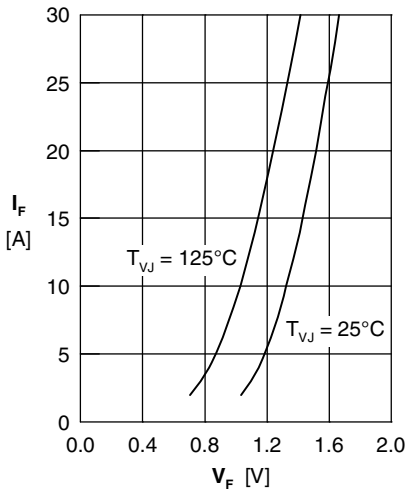


Fig. 1 Forward current I_F versus forward voltage drop V_F

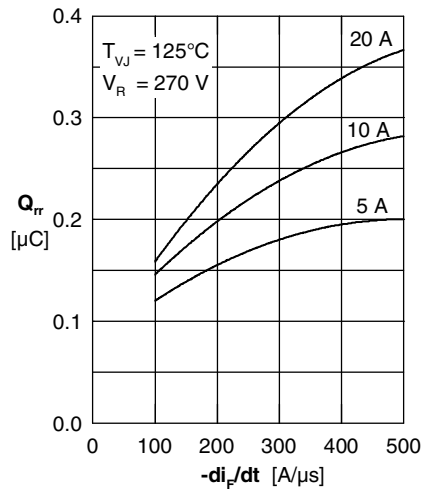


Fig. 2 Typ. reverse recovery charge Q_{rr} versus $-di_F/dt$

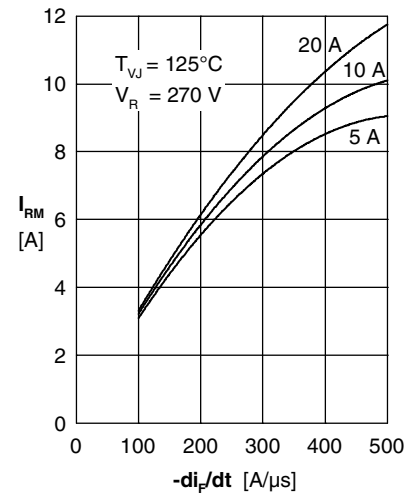


Fig. 3 Typ. reverse recovery current I_{RM} versus $-di_F/dt$

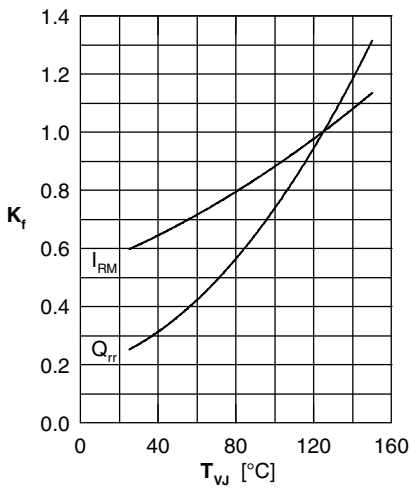


Fig. 4 Dynamic parameters Q_{rr} , I_{RM} versus T_{VJ}

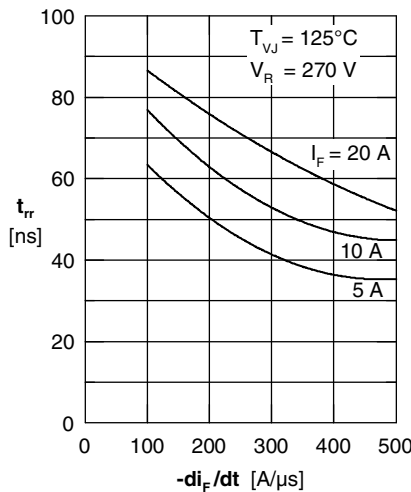


Fig. 5 Typ. reverse recovery time t_{rr} versus $-di_F/dt$

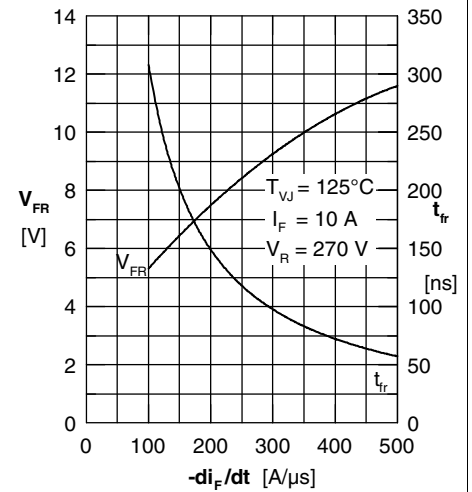


Fig. 6 Typ. forward recovery voltage V_{FR} and t_{fr} versus di_F/dt

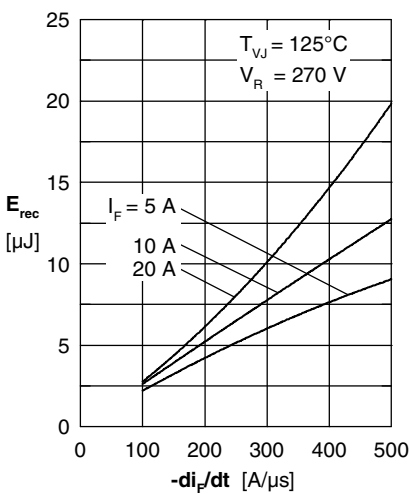


Fig. 7 Typ. recovery energy E_{rec} versus $-di_F/dt$

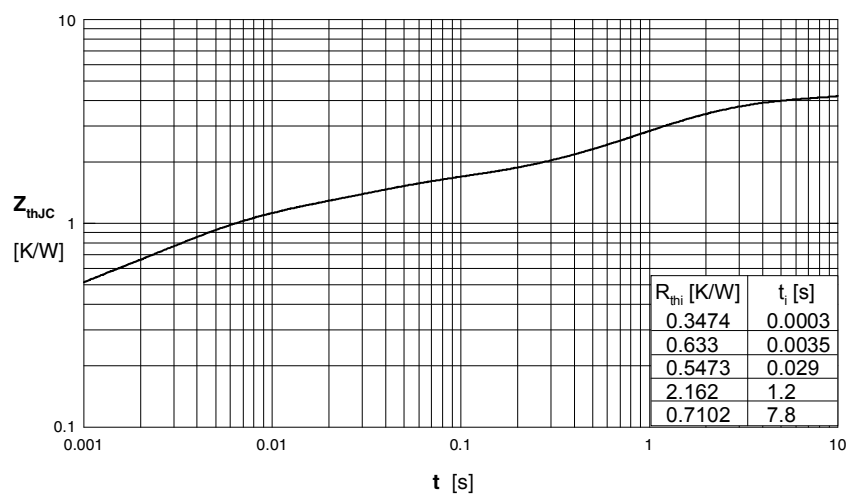


Fig. 8 Transient thermal resistance junction to case